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## FIFTH SEMESTER (CUCBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION NOVEMBER 2022

#### Mathematics

# MAT 5D 18—MATHEMATICS FOR NATURAL SCIENCES

(2017—2018 Admissions)

ne : Two Hours

Maximum : 40 Marks

#### Section-A

Answer all the six questions. Each question carries 1 mark .

- 1. Add the numbers 4.35, 8.65, 2.95, 12.45, 6.65, 7.55 and 9.75 by rounding to the nearest tenth according to the even integer convention
- 2. A rectangle has width x and length x + 10. Write a function A(x), that expresses the area as a
- 3. What do you mean by frequency distribution?
- 4. Find the arithmetic mean of the numbers 8, 3, 5, 12, and 10.
- 5. What do you mean by the median of a set of numbers?
- 6. State empirical relations between measures of dispersion.

 $(6 \times 1 = 6 \text{ marks})$ 

#### Section B

Answer any five out of seven questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- . State which of the following represent discrete data and which represent continuous data :
  - a) Numbers of shares sold each day in the stock market.
  - b) Temperatures recorded every half hour at a weather bureau.
  - c) Lifetimes of television tubes produced by a company.
  - d) Yearly incomes of college professors.
- . Out of 100 numbers, 20 were 4's, 40 were 5's, 30 were 6's and the remainder were 7's. Find the

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- 9. If  $Z_1 = X_1 + Y_1$ ,  $Z_2 = X_2 + Y_2$ ,...  $Z_N = X_N + Y_N$ , prove that  $\overline{Z} = \overline{X} + \overline{Y}$ .
- 10. Find the mean deviation of the set of numbers 9, 3, 8, 8, 9, 8, 9, 18.
- 11. A manufacturer of television tubes has two types of tubes, A and B. Respectively, the tube mean lifetimes of  $\overline{X}_A = 1495$  hours and  $\overline{X}_B = 1875$  hours, and standard deviations of §

 $S_{\rm B}$  = 310 hours. Which tube has the greater ? (a) Absolute dispersion ; and (b) Relative dispersion

- Find the second and third moments about the mean for the set of numbers 2, 3, 7, 8, 10
- 13. Prove that  $m_3 = m_3' 3m_1'm_2' + 2m_1'^3$ .

 $(5 \times 2 = 10)$ 

### Section-C

Answer any three out of five questions. Each question carries 4 marks.

- 14. Solve the logarithmic equation  $2 \log (x+1) 3 \log (x+1) = 2$ .
- 15. If the class marks in a frequency distribution of the weights of students are 128,137,1461 and 182 pounds (lb), find: (a) The class-interval size; (b) The class boundaries; and (c) Ta limits, assuming that the weights were measured to the nearest pound.
- 16. Using table given below, find the mean wage of the 70 employees at the P and R Compa

| Wages          | Frequency  |
|----------------|------------|
| 250.00- 259.99 | 8          |
| 260.00- 269.99 | 10         |
| 270.00- 279.99 | 16         |
| 280.00- 289.99 | 15         |
| 290.00- 299.99 | 10         |
| 300.00- 319.99 | 8          |
| 320.00- 379.99 | 3          |
|                | Total = 70 |

During four successive years, a home owner purchased oil for her furnace at respective \$0.80, \$0.90, \$1.05, and \$1.25 per gallon (gal). What was the average cost of oil over period?

18. Find the standard deviation of the heights of the 100 male students at XYZ University:

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| Height (in) | Number of Students |
|-------------|--------------------|
| 60-62       | 5                  |
| 63-65       | 18                 |
| 66-68       | 42                 |
| 69-71       | 27                 |
| 72-74       | 8                  |
|             | Total = 100        |

 $(3 \times 4 = 12 \text{ marks})$ 

#### Section-D

Answer any two out of three questions.

Each question carries 6 marks.

- 19. Table given below shows a frequency distribution of the weekly wages of 65 employees at the P & R Company. With reference to the table, determine:
  - (a) The lower limit of the sixth class.
  - (b) The upper limit of the fourth class.
  - (c) The class mark of the third class.
  - (d) The class boundaries of the fifth class.
  - (e) The size of the fifth-class interval.
  - (f) The frequency of the third class.
  - (g) The relative frequency of the third class.
  - (h) The class interval having the largest frequency
  - (i) The percentage of employees earning less than \$280.00 per week.
  - The percentage of employees earning less than \$300.00 per week but at least \$260.00per week.

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|----------------|-----------|-------------|
| Wages          | Frequency |             |
| 250.00- 259.99 | 8         |             |
| 260.00- 269.99 | 10        |             |
| 270.00- 279.99 | 16        |             |
| 280.00- 289.99 | 14        |             |
| 290.00- 299.99 | 10        |             |
| 300.00- 309.99 | 5         |             |
| 310.00- 319.99 | 2         | 1           |
|                | Total= 65 |             |

- 20. During one year the ratio of milk prices per quart to bread prices per loaf was 3.00, where
  - (a) Find the arithmetic mean of these ratios for the 2-year period.
  - (b) Find the arithmetic mean of the ratios of bread prices to milk prices for the 2-year period
  - (c) Discuss the advisability of using the arithmetic mean for averaging ratios.
  - (d) Discuss the suitability of the geometric mean for averaging ratios.
- 21. The numbers  $X_1, X_2, ..., X_K$  occur with frequencies  $f_1, f_2, ..., f_K$  where  $f_1 + f_2 + ... + f_K = N$  is the total frequency:
  - (1) Find the geometric mean G of the numbers.
  - (2) Derive an expression for log G.
  - (3) How can the results be used to find the geometric mean for data grouped into a frequent distribution?

 $(2 \times 6 = 12 \text{ marks})$