

**FIFTH SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2023**

Mathematics

MTS 5B 06—BASIC ANALYSIS

(2020 Admission onwards)

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A

Answer any number of questions.

Each question carries 2 marks.

Maximum 25 marks.

1. State Cantor's theorem.
2. Prove that there does not exist a rational number r such that $r^2 = 3$.
3. If $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$, prove that $\|a\| - \|b\| \leq \|a - b\|$.
4. Prove that an upper bound u of a nonempty set S in \mathbb{R} is the supremum of S if and only if for every $\epsilon > 0$ there exist an $s_\epsilon \in S$ such that $u - \epsilon < s_\epsilon$.
5. State and prove Archimedean property.
6. Prove that a sequence in \mathbb{R} can have at most one limit point.
7. Prove that $\lim \left(\frac{\sin n}{n} \right) = 0$.
8. Let $e_n = \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)^n$ for $n \in \mathbb{N}$. Prove that $2 < e_n < 3$ for all $n \in \mathbb{N}$.
9. Give an example of an unbounded sequence that has a convergent subsequence.
10. If (x_n) and (y_n) are Cauchy sequences, prove that $(x_n + y_n)$ is a Cauchy sequence.

Turn over

11. Prove that the sequence $\left(\frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{2} + \dots + \frac{1}{n}\right)$ diverges.
12. Define Cantor set.
13. Describe the set of points z in the complex plane that satisfy the equation $|z - 2| = \operatorname{Re}(z)$.
14. Find the image of the line segment from 1 to i under the complex mapping $\omega = \overline{iz}$.
15. Find the image of the rectangle with vertices $-1 + i$, $1 + i$, $1 + 2i$ and $-1 + 2i$ under the mapping $f(z) = 4iz + 2 + 3i$.

Section B

Answer any number of questions.

Each question carries 5 marks.

Maximum 35 marks.

16. Prove that the following statements are equivalent :
 - a) S is a countable set ; and
 - b) There exists a surjection of \mathbb{N} onto S .
 - c) There exists an injection of S onto \mathbb{N} .
17. Determine the set $B = \{x \in \mathbb{R} : |x - 1| < |x|\}$.
18. Prove that \mathbb{R} of real numbers is not countable.
19. Let $X = (x_n)$ and $Y = (y_n)$ be sequences of real numbers that converge to x and y respectively. Prove that $X \cdot Y$ converges to xy .
20. State and prove Cauchy convergence criterion for sequences.
21. Prove that
 - a) the union of an arbitrary collection of open subsets in \mathbb{R} is open.
 - b) the intersection of any finite collection of open sets in \mathbb{R} is open.

22. Determine whether the points $z_1 = -2 - 8i$, $z_2 = 3i$, $z_3 = -6 - 5i$ are the vertices of a right triangle.

23. Let $S = \{z \in \mathbb{C} : 1 \leq |z - 1 - i| < 2\}$. Determine whether the set S is :

- a) Open ;
- b) Closed ;
- c) Domain ;
- d) Bounded ; and
- e) Connected.

Section C

Answer any **two** questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

24. (a) Let a and b be positive real numbers, prove that $\sqrt{ab} \leq \frac{1}{2}(a + b)$ and the equality holds if and only if $a = b$.

(b) State and prove Bernoulli's inequality.

25. Prove that there exists a positive real number x such that $x^2 = 2$.

26. (a) Prove that every contractive sequence is a convergent sequence.

(b) The polynomial equation $x^3 - 7x + 2 = 0$ has a root r with $0 < r < 1$. Use an appropriate contractive sequence to calculate r within 10^{-5} .

27. (a) Solve the simultaneous equations $|z| = 2$ and $|z - 2| = 2$.

(b) Find the image of the triangle with vertices 0 , $1 + i$ and $1 - i$ under the mapping $w = z^2$.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)