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## FOURTH SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2023

Physics/Applied Physics

PHY 4B 04/APH 4B 04—ELECTRODYNAMICS—II

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time : Two Hours

Maximum : 60 Marks

The symbols used in question paper have their usual meanings

## Section A (Short Answer Type)

Answer all questions in two or three sentences, each correct answer carries a maximum of 2 marks.

- 1. Explain the Neumann formula in mutual inductance.
- 2. Write down the equation of continuity in electrodynamics. Explain the terms involved.
- 3. Show that the Maxwell's equations for E and B are symmetric in free space.
- 4. Explain the term polarization in the context of electromagnetic waves. Draw a suitable figure to indicate the polarization vector.
- 5. Write down wave equation for the electric field vector E in free space and explain the terms involved. What is the expression for the speed of the wave?
- 6. Write down the boundary conditions for the electric field vector E at an interface separating two linear media of permittivities  $\epsilon_1$  and  $\epsilon_2$  and permeabilities  $\mu_1$  and  $\mu_2$ .
- 7. What are gauge transformations?
- 8. Discuss the two different types of transient currents in circuits.
- 9. Give an expression for the DC transient current in an R-C series circuit. Explain the terms involved.
- 10. What are the differences between a ballistic galvanometer and an ordinary moving-coil galvanometer?
- 11. What is Kirchhoff's current law?
- 12. What is maximum power transfer theorem?

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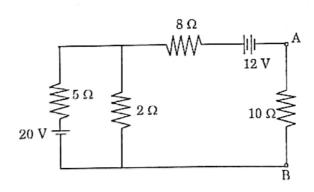
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## Section B (Paragraph/Problem Type)

Answer all questions in a paragraph of about half a page to one page, each correct answer all questions in a paragraph of about half a page to one page, each correct answer

- 13. A long solenoid of radius a is driven by an alternating current so that the field inside is  $\sin_{u_3}$  given by B  $(t) = B_0 \cos (\omega t) \hat{z}$ . A circular loop of wire, of radius a/2 and resistance R, is principle the solenoid and co-axial with it. Determine the current induced in the loop as a function.
- 14. Show that the radiation pressure caused by an electromagnetic wave is equal to the ratio intensity of the electromagnetic wave and the velocity of light.
- 15. A coil of 10 H inductance and 5  $\Omega$  resistance is connected in parallel with a 20  $\Omega$  resistor and 100 V d.c. supply, which is suddenly disconnected. Determine the voltage across the 20  $\Omega$  resistance initially and after 0.3 s.
- 16. A large coil of inductance 1.405 H and resistance 40  $\Omega$  is connected in series with a capaci 20  $\mu$ F. Determine the frequency at which the circuit resonates.
- Give an expression for the power consumed in a series LCR circuit. Show that in a purely indu
  or a purely capacitive circuit, the power consumed is zero.
- 18. Use Thevenin's theorem to determine the current through the 10  $\Omega$  resistance of the follocircuit:

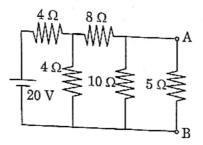


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9. Use Norton's theorem to determine the current through the 5  $\Omega$  resistance of the following circuit.



(Ceiling - 30)

## Section C (Essay Type)

Answer in about two pages, any one question.

Answer carries 10 marks.

- 20. Explain Faraday's law and Ampere's law. Give the integral and differential forms of the laws. it Discuss how Maxwell modified Ampere's law in the case of time varying electric fields.
- 21. Discuss the potential formulation of electrodynamics. lu

 $(1 \times 10 = 10 \text{ marks})$ 

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