

D 11677

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Name.....

Reg. No.....

**THIRD SEMESTER M.Sc. DEGREE (REGULAR/SUPPLEMENTARY)
EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021**

[November 2020 for SDE/Private Students]

(CBCSS)

Mathematics

MTH 3C 13—FUNCTIONAL ANALYSIS

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 30 Weightage

General Instructions (Not applicable to SDE/Private Students)

1. In cases where choices are provided, students can attend **all** questions in each section.
2. The minimum number of questions to be attended from the Section / Part shall remain the same.
3. The instruction if any, to attend a minimum number of questions from each sub section / sub part / sub division may be ignored.
4. There will be an overall ceiling for each Section / Part that is equivalent to the maximum weightage of the Section / Part.

Part A

Answer all questions.

Each question carries weightage 1.

1. Consider the subspace E_1 of a linear space E . Prove that the dimension of E/E_1 is n if and only if there exists linearly independent vectors $x_1, x_2 \dots x_n$ linearly independent vectors relative to E_1 such that every vector of E can be uniquely expressed as a sum of their linear combination and a unique vector $y \in E_1$.
2. Is $C[0, 1]$ a normed space? Justify your answer.
3. State Holder's inequality and derive Cauchy Schwartz inequality from the same.
4. Show that inner product $\langle x, y \rangle$ is a continuous function with respect to both variables.
5. Prove that any two separable infinite dimensional Hilbert spaces H_1, H_2 are isometrically equivalent.
6. Let $f \in E^H / \{0\}$. Show that $\text{codim ker } f = 1$.

Turn over

7. State Arzela's theorem.
8. Show that there exists a linear functional on a normed space X that distinguishes distinct elements of X . (8 × 1 = 8 marks)

Part B

*Answer six questions choosing two from each unit.
Each question carries weightage 2.*

UNIT 1

9. Show that norm is a continuous function.
10. Is a quotient space a normed space? Justify your answer.
11. Show that the kernel for a seminorm p is a subspace of a linear space on which it is defined. Show that $p(x + y)$ is independent of, where y is an element of the subspace.

UNIT 2

12. State Bessel's inequality and use it to show that a complete orthonormal system in a Hilbert space H is a basis in H .
13. Prove that f is a bounded functional on a normed space X if and only if f is continuous.
14. If E is a closed subspace of a Hilbert space H and $\text{codim } E = 1$ then prove that E^\perp is a one-dimensional subspace.

UNIT 3

15. Show that l_1 can be identified as the dual space of c_0 .
16. Prove that the dual space of any normed space is complete.
17. Let X, Y be any two Banach spaces. Prove that for a linear operator $A : X \rightarrow Y$ implies A is compact.

Part C

Answer two questions.

Each question carries weightage 5.

18. Let E be a normed space. Show that there exists a complete normed space \hat{E} and linear operator $T : E \rightarrow \hat{E}$ such that :

(i) $\|T(x)\| = \|x\|$.

(ii) $Im(T)$ is a dense set in \hat{E} .

19. State and prove a necessary condition for a Hilbert space to have an orthonormal basis.

20. (a) Consider $f \in E^* \setminus \{0\}$. Prove that :

(i) $\text{codim ker } f = 1$.

(ii) $f, g \in E^* \setminus \{0\}$ and $\text{ker } f = \text{ker } g$ then there exists $\lambda \neq 0$ such that $\lambda f = g$.

(iii) If L is a closed subspace of E and $\text{codim } L = 1$ then there exists $f \in E^*$ such that $\text{ker } f = L$.

- (b) Illustrate with an example the concept of non-separable Hilbert space.

21. (a) Discuss the compactness of the integral operator in L_2 .

- (b) State and prove necessary and sufficient condition for a set to be relatively compact in a normed space.

(2 × 5 = 10 weightage)