\mathbf{D}	-	-		_	$\overline{}$
			n		
	_	_	v	•	

(Pages: 3)

Nam	e	******	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	••••
Reg.	No				••••

THIRD SEMESTER M.Sc. DEGREE (REGULAR/SUPPLEMENTARY) EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021

[November 2020 for SDE/Private Students] (CBCSS)

Mathematics

MTH 3C 13—FUNCTIONAL ANALYSIS

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 30 Weightage

General Instructions (Not applicable to SDE/Private Students)

- 1. In cases where choices are provided, students can attend all questions in each section.
- The minimum number of questions to be attended from the Section/Part shall remain the same.
- 3. The instruction if any, to attend a minimum number of questions from each sub section/sub part/ sub division may be ignored.
- 4. There will be an overall ceiling for each Section / Part that is equivalent to the maximum weightage of the Section / Part.

Part A

Answer all questions. Each question carries weightage 1.

- Consider the subspace E₁ of a linear space E. Prove that the dimension of E/E₁ is n if and only if there exists linearly independent vectors $x_1, x_2 \dots x_n$ linearly independent vectors relative to E1 such that every vector of E can be uniquely expressed as a sum of their linear combination and a unique vector $y \in E_1$.
- 2. Is C [0, 1] a normed space? Justify your answer.
- 3. State Holder's inequality and derive Cauchy Schwartz inequality from the same.
- 4. Show that inner product $\langle x, y \rangle$ is a continuous function with respect to both variables.
- Prove that any two separable infinite dimensional Hilbert spaces H₁, H₂ are isometrically equivalent.
- 6. Let $f \in E^{H} / \{0\}$. Show that codim ker f = 1.

Turn over

90375

-1

State Arzera success a linear functional on a normed space X that distinguishes distinct θ_0

 ∞

Part B

Answer six questions choosing two from each unit.

Each question carries weightage 2.

UNIT 1

Show that norm is a continuous function.

- 9 Is a quotient space a normed space? Justify your answer.
- 10.
- show that p(x+y) is independent of, where y is an element of the subspace. Show that the kernel for a seminorm p is a subspace of a linear space on which it is decomposed by

UNIT 2

- 12 H is a basis in H State Bessel's inequality and use it to show that a complete orthonormal system in a
- 20 Prove that f is a bounded functional on a normed space X if and only if f is continued
- 14. If E dimensional subspace. a closed subspace of a Hilbert space H and codim E 11 1 then prove that I

Unit 3

5 Show that l_1 can be identified as the dual space of c_0 .

16

- 17 Prove that the dual space of any normed space is complete.
- Let X, Y be any *two* Banach spaces . Prove that for a linear operator $A: X \to Y$ implies is compact.

, _

D 11677

Scanned with OKEN Scanner

Part C

Answer **two** questions.

Each question carries weightage 5.

18. $T: E \rightarrow \hat{E}$ such that: Let E be a normed space. Show that there exists a complete normed space $\hat{\mathbf{E}}$ and linear operator

- (i) ||T(x)|| = ||x||.
- (ii) Im (T) is a dense set in $\hat{\mathbf{E}}$.
- 19. State and prove a necessary condition for a Hilbert space to have an orthonormal basis.
- 20. (a) Consider $f \in \mathbb{E}^* / \{0\}$. Prove that:
- (i) codim kerf = 1.
- Ξ $f,g\in \mathbb{E}^{\#}/\left\{ 0
 ight\}$ and $\ker f=\ker g$ then there exists $\lambda\neq 0$ such that $\mathcal{H}=\mathcal{H}$
- (iii) If L is a closed subspace of E and codim L = 1 then there exists $f \in E^{\#}$ such that $\ker f = 1$.
- (b) Illustrate with an example the concept of non-separable Hilbert space.
- 21. (a) Discuss the compactness of the integral operator in \mathcal{L}_2 .
- 9 and prove necessary and sufficient condition for a set to be relatively compact in a
- normed space.

 $(2 \times 5 = 10 \text{ weightage})$