D 111214

(Pages ; 2)

Name

Reg. Noncommencement

THIRD SEMESTER M.Se. DEGREE (REGULAR/SUPPLEMENTARY) EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2024

(CBCSS)

Physics

PHY 3E 05-EXPERIMENTAL TECHNIQUES

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum: 30 Weightage

Section A

Answer all questions. Each question carries weightage 1.

- 1. Explain what is meant by oil suck back in a rotary pump.
- 2. Explain why thin targets are preferred in any nuclear technique for elemental analysis.
- 3. Draw the diagram of Pirani gauge and labelits parts.
- What is the principle of thin film preparation by the sputtering technique?
- 5. Illustrate the amorphous and channeling peaks in ion implantation technique.
- 6. Explain laser evaporation technique in thin film deposition.
- 7. Explain the principle of a cyclic accelerator.
- 8. Write a short note on PIXE.

 $(8 \times 1 = 8 \text{ weightage})$

Section B

Answer any two questions. Each question carries weightage 5.

- 9. Describe the powder method for X-ray diffraction. Discuss the formation of diffraction pattern on the photographic film
- 10. How does the Cryogenic pumps work. Explain with the help of neat diagram.

Turn over

- 12 Discuss what are multi-layer optical filters. Describe their structure and applications

(2 , 5 = 10 mel Way

Section C

Answer any four questions, Each question carries weightage 3.

- 13. Describe the four probe method to find the thickness of thin films. Obtain the expression for thickes
- Describe the sorption pump using a neat diagram. What are the advantages and disadvantages
- 15. The utilized reflecting plane of a lithium fluoride crystal has an inter-planar distance of 25, Calculate the wavelength of the 2nd order line which has a glancing angle of 60°.
- 16. A fifteen stage turbo molecular pump with a blade tip velocity of 500 m/s has a compression ra at 25 °C for N_2 of 7.7 × 10⁸. What is the compression ratio of the pump when it is pump hydrogen?
- 17. Describe the method for element determination by neutron activation analysis.
- A beam of 10 MeV neutrons is incident on a ¹⁹F target producing the nuclear reaction ¹⁹F (n. 19 O. If the Q-value of the reaction is -3.7 MeV, find the energy of the protons that are emitted 90° to the direction of the incident n-beam.
- 19. Using the principles of energy and momentum, deduce an expression relevant to the qualitat analysis of the sample for X in a nuclear reaction, X (a, b) Y. The q-value is taken 'Q' and : outgoing particle b, makes 0 angle with the incident beam direction.

 $(4 \times 3 = 12 \text{ weighta})$