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Name.....

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SECOND SEMESTER M.Sc. DEGREE REGULAR/SUPPLEMENTARY **EXAMINATION, APRIL 2024**

(CBCSS)

Physics

PHY2C06—MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS - II

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 30 Weightage

Section A

Answer all eight questions. Each question carries 1 weightage.

- 1. Distinguish between simply connected and multiple connected regions. Explain their relevance in complex analysis
- 2. Show that z* is not analytic
- 3. State and explain Cauchy's integral theorem
- 4. State the conditions for the formation of a group
- 5. Distinguish between reducible and irreducible representations
- 6. Draw the fundamental SU(3) representation weight diagrams for the u d s quarks and antiquarks
- 7. Give any two different forms of Euler equation and show their equivalence
- 8. Distinguish between integral equations of I and II kinds.

 $(8 \times 1 = 8 \text{ weightage})$

Section B

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 5 weightage.

- 9. Explain the term residue, State and prove Cauchy's residue theorem
- 10. a) Explain with examples: Cyclic groups, Cosets, Normal sub group and factor group.
 - b) Distinguish between homomorphism and isomorphism with at least two properties. Give an example.

11. Explain the features of calculus of variation. Derive Euler equation for a stational

Explain the reachange of scattering using Green's fun

Section C

Answer any four questions. Each question carries 3 weightage.

- 13. Evaluate the following integral by Cauchy's Integral formula $\oint \frac{dz}{z^2-1}$ b) $\oint \tan z$ contour of integration is a circle centered at origin and having radius = 2.
- 14. Find the classes and subgroups of the group of symmetry elements of a square (C4)
- 15. Using the calculus of variations, find the optical path near event horizon of a black
- 16. Prove that any non-unitary representation of a finite group is equivalent to a recre unitary matrices.
- 17. Find the Green's function to solve the following boundary value problem $y'' + k^2y = 1$ initial condition y(0) = 0, y(L) = 0 where k and L are constants.
- 18. Derive the Volterra integral equation corresponding to :

a)
$$y''(x) - y(x) = 0$$
 with $y(0) = 0$ and $y'(0) = 1$.

b)
$$y''(x) - y(x) = 0$$
 with $y(0) = 1$ and $y'(0) = -1$.

19. Find the Neumann series solution for the integral equation :

$$\phi(x) = 1 - 2 \int_0^x t \phi(t) dt.$$