D 13147

(Pages: 3)

Name.....

Reg. No.....

FIRST SEMESTER M.Sc. DEGREE (REGULAR/SUPPLEMENTARY) **EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021**

[November 2020 session for SDE/Private students]

(CBCSS)

Mathematics

MTH 1C 05-NUMBER THEORY

(2019 Admission onwards)

(Covid instructions are not applicable for Pvt/SDE students (November 2020 session))

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 30 Weightage

General Instructions

- In cases where choices are provided, students can attend all questions in each section.
- The minimum number of questions to be attended from the Section / Part shall remain the same.
- The instruction if any, to attend a minimum number of questions from each sub section / sub part / sub division may be ignored.
- 4. There will be an overall ceiling for each Section / Part that is equivalent to the maximum weightage of the Section / Part.

Part A

Answer all questions from this part. Each question has weightage 1.

- 1. Prove that if $2^n + 1$ is prime, then n is a power of 2.
- 2. If f is a multiplicative function, prove that $f^{-1}(n) = \mu(n) f(n)$ for every square free n.
- State Selberg's identity.
- 4. For x > 0, show that $0 \le \frac{\psi(x)}{x} \frac{\theta(x)}{x} \le \frac{(\log x)^2}{2\sqrt{x \log 2}}$.
- 5. For $n \ge 1$, show that $\sum_{n \ge x} \frac{1}{n^s} = O(x^{1-s})$, if s > 1.

Turn over

1504;

 2

 D_{131}

- Evaluate the Legendre's symbol (7/11).
- State Euler's criterion for Legendre's symbol.
- S. Determine whether -104 is a quadratic residue or non-residue of the prime 997.

 $(8 \times 1 = 8 \text{ weight})$

Part B

Answer any six questions by choosing two questions from each unit. Each question carries a weightage of 2.

UNIT I

- 9. If $n \ge 1$, show that $\log n = \sum_{d \mid r} \wedge (d)$.
- 10. If f is an arithmetical function with $f(1) \neq 0$, show that there is a unique arithmetical function f^{-1} such that $f * f^{-1} = f^{-1} * f = I$.
- 11. State and prove Euler's summation formula.

UNIT II

- 12. For every integer $n \ge 2$, show that $\frac{1}{6} \frac{n}{\log n} < \pi(n) = \frac{6n}{\log n}$.
- 13. For $n \ge 1$, then the n^{th} prime p_n satisfies the inequalities $\frac{1}{6} \log n < p_n < 12 \left(n \log n + n \log \frac{12}{\epsilon} \right)$
- 14. State and prove Abel's identity.

UNIT III

- 15. Let p be an odd prime. Then for all n prove that $(n/p) \equiv n^{\left(\frac{p-1}{2}\right)} \pmod{p}$.
- 16. If p and q are distinct odd primes, then show that $(p|q)(q|p) = (-1)^{\frac{(p-1)(q-1)}{4}}$.
- 17. Describe briefly about RSA cryptosystems.

 $(6 \times 2 = 12)^{\text{weight}}$

150487

3

D 13147

Part C

Answer any **two** questions. Each question carries weightage of 5.

- 18. Let f be multiplicative. Then f is completely multiplicative if and only if $f^{-1}(n) = \mu(n)f(n)$, $\forall n \ge 1$.
- 19. Prove that there is a constant A such that $\sum_{p \le x} \frac{1}{p} = \log(\log x) + A + O\left(\frac{1}{\log x}\right).$
- 20. Show that the Diophantine equation $y^2 = x^3 + k$ has no solutions if k has the form $k = (4n-1)^3 4m^2$ where m and n are integers such that no prime $p = -1 \pmod{4}$ divides m.
- 21. Explain Affine enciphering transformations. In the 27-letter alphabet (with blank = 26), use the affine enciphering transformation with n key a = 13, b = 9 to encipher the message "HELP ME".

 $(2 \times 5 = 10 \text{ weightage})$