

D 93425

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Name.....

Reg. No.....

**FIRST SEMESTER M.Sc. DEGREE (REGULAR/SUPPLEMENTARY)  
EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2020**

(CBCSS)

Mathematics

MTH 1C 03—REAL ANALYSIS I

(2019 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 30 Weightage

**General Instructions**

1. In cases where choices are provided, students can attend **all** questions in each section.
2. The minimum number of questions to be attended from the Section / Part shall remain the same.
3. There will be an overall ceiling for each Section / Part that is equivalent to the maximum weightage of the Section / Part.

**Part A (Short Answer Questions)***Answer **all** the questions.**Each question carries 1 weightage.*

1. Construct a bounded set of real numbers with exactly three limit points.
2. Let  $Y$  be an open subset of a metric space. If a subset  $E$  of  $Y$  is open relative to  $Y$ , then prove that  $E$  is open in  $X$ .
3. Let  $f$  be a continuous mapping of a metric space  $X$  into a metric space  $Y$ . If  $E \subset X$ , then prove that  $f(\bar{E}) \subset \overline{f(E)}$ .
4. Give an example of a differentiable function  $f$  on  $\mathbb{R}$  such that  $f'$  is not continuous at 0.
5. Let  $f_1, f_2$  be bounded functions and  $\alpha$  be a monotonic increasing function on  $[a, b]$ . If  $f_1$  and  $f_2$  are Riemann-Stieltjes integrable with respect to  $\alpha$  on  $[a, b]$ , then prove that  $f_1 + f_2$  is Riemann-Stieltjes integrable with respect to  $\alpha$  on  $[a, b]$ .
6. Let  $f$  be a bounded function and  $\alpha$  be a monotonic increasing function on  $[a, b]$  such that  $|f|$  is Riemann-Stieltjes integrable with respect to  $\alpha$ . Is  $f$  Riemann-Stieltjes integrable with respect to  $\alpha$ ? Justify your answer.

Turn over

7. Let  $\gamma$  be a curve in the complex plane, defined on  $[0, 2\pi]$  by  $\gamma(t) = e^{2\pi i t \sin \frac{1}{t}}$ . Prove that  $\gamma$  is not rectifiable.
8. If the sequences  $\{f_n\}$  and  $\{g_n\}$  converge uniformly on a set  $E$ , then prove that the sequence  $\{f_n + g_n\}$  converge uniformly on  $E$ .

(8 × 1 = 8 weightage)

**Part B**

Answer any **two** questions of each unit.  
Each question has weightage 2.

**Unit I**

9. Let  $A$  be the set of all sequences whose elements are the digits 0 and 1. Prove that  $A$  is countable.
10. Prove that a closed subset of a compact space is compact.
11. Let  $X$  be a connected metric space,  $Y$  be a metric space and let  $f : X \rightarrow Y$  be a surjective continuous map. Prove that  $Y$  is connected.

**Unit II**

12. Let  $f$  be a real function defined on  $[a, b]$  and let  $f$  be differentiable on  $(a, b)$ . If  $f'(x) \geq 0$  for  $x \in (a, b)$  then prove that  $f$  is monotonically increasing.
13. If  $f$  is differentiable on  $[a, b]$ , then prove that  $f'$  cannot have any simple discontinuities on  $[a, b]$ .
14. If  $f$  is Riemann-Stieltjes integrable with respect to  $\alpha$  on  $[a, b]$  and if  $a < c < b$ , then prove that  $f$  is Riemann-Stieltjes integrable with respect to  $\alpha$  on  $[a, c]$  and on  $[c, b]$  and

$$\int_a^c f d\alpha + \int_c^b f d\alpha = \int_a^b f d\alpha.$$

**Unit III**

15. Prove that the series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{x^2 + n}{n^2}$  converges uniformly in every bounded interval.
16. Let  $\{f_n\}$  be a sequence of integrable functions and let  $f$  be an integrable function such that  $f_n \rightarrow f$ . Is it true that  $\int f dx = \lim \int f_n dx$ ? Justify your answer.
17. Let  $\mathcal{C}(X)$  denote the set of all complex valued, continuous, bounded functions defined on a metric space  $X$ . Prove that  $\mathcal{C}(X)$  is a complete metric space with respect to the metric :
- $$d(f, g) = \sup_{x \in X} |f(x) - g(x)|.$$

(6 × 2 = 12 weightage)

## Part C

Answer any **two** from the following four questions (18–21).  
Each question has weightage 5.

18. (a) Prove that a subset  $E$  of a metric space is open if and only if its complement  $E^c$  is closed.  
(b) Prove that monotonic functions have no discontinuities of the second kind.
19. (a) Let  $f$  be a bounded function and  $\alpha$  be a monotonic increasing function on  $[a, b]$ . If  $P_1$  is a refinement of  $P$ , then prove that :
- $$L(P, f, \alpha) \leq L(P_1, f, \alpha)$$
- (b) Let  $f$  be a bounded function and  $\alpha$  be a monotonic increasing function on  $[a, b]$ . If  $f$  is continuous on  $[a, b]$ , then prove that  $f$  is Riemann-Stieltjes integrable with respect to  $\alpha$  on  $[a, b]$ .
20. (a) Prove that every uniformly convergent sequence of bounded functions is uniformly bounded.  
(b) Let  $\{f_n\}$  be a sequence of functions, differentiable on  $[a, b]$  and such that  $\{f_n(x_0)\}$  converges for some point  $x_0$  on  $[a, b]$ . If  $\{f'_n\}$  converges uniformly on  $[a, b]$ , then prove that  $\{f_n\}$  converges uniformly on  $[a, b]$ , to a function  $f$ , and
- $$f'(x) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} f'_n(x) \text{ for all } x \in [a, b].$$
21. (a) Prove that there exists a real continuous function on the real line which is nowhere differentiable.  
(b) Let  $K$  be a compact metric space and let  $f_n \in C(K)$  for  $n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$  and  $\{f_n\}$  converges uniformly on  $K$ . Prove that  $\{f_n\}$  is equicontinuous on  $K$ .

(2 × 5 = 10 weightage)