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Reg. No.....

FOURTH SEMESTER M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JUNE 2017

(CUCSS)

Physics

PHY 4E 11—MATERIAL SCIENCE

(2012 Admissions)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 36 Weightage

Section A

Answer all questions.

Each question carries a weightage of 1.

- 1. Compare edge and screw dislocations.
- 2. Explain monotectic and syntactic reactions.
- 3. What factors affect the diffusion rate in metallic crystals?
- 4. What is Lever rule?
- 5. Determine the degrees of freedom of a system with two components three, when the number of phases is one and four.
- 6. What is Fick's law of diffusion?
- 7. Describe Kirkendall Effect.
- 8. Explain the mechanism involved in ductile fracture formation.
- 9. What are the properties common to most ceramic materials?
- 10. What is sintering and its advantages?
- 11. What are the advantages of Atomic Force Microscopy in analyzing nanomaterials?
- 12. Classify various types of carbon nanotubes.

 $(12 \times 1 = 12 \text{ weightage})$

Section B

Answer any **two** questions.

Each question carries a weightage of 6.

- 13. Explain in detail the Fick's first and second law of diffusion and its application.
- 14. Describe and illustrate the chain, island and sheet like silicate structures and their properties and applications.
- 15. Describe the preparation of nanomaterials by chemical vapour deposition.
- 16. Describe the basic principle and working of a STM and its application in analyzing nanomaterials.

 $(2 \times 6 = 12 \text{ weightage})$

Turn over

Section C

Answer any **four** questions. Each question carries a weightage of 3.

- 17. Describe in detail the classification of nanomaterials based on their dimensions and their properties and applications with relevant examples.
- 18. Describe the synthesis of ceramics by sol-gel technique with examples and the advantage of this technique over other methods.
- 19. Describe the factors responsible for the non-crystallinity of long chain polymers.
- 20. At the surface of a steel bar there is one carbon atom per 20 unit cells of iron. At 1 mm. behind the surface, there is one carbon atom per 30 unit cells. The diffusivity at 1000° C is 3×10^{-11} m²/s. The structure is fcc at 1000° C (a = 0.365 nm). How many carbon atoms diffuse through each unit cell per minute?
- 21. Describe the various types of invariant reactions with diagrams.
- 22. Describe in detail the basic principle and functioning of a TEM and compare it with SEM in the analysis of nanomaterials.

 $(4 \times 3 = 12 \text{ weightage})$